NOACH





Rabbi Reuven Tradburks Director of RCA Israel Region

Parshat Noach describes: the destruction of the world through the Flood, Noach and his family, the story of the Tower of Babel and the introduction of Avraham's family.

The first 2 parshiot in our Torah, Breishit and Noach, are essentially parallel creation stories, or more accurately a creation and a recreation. However, the lessons to be learned are not only in the parallels but in the differences. What is different in this recreation? What does G-d communicate to Noach that He did not communicate to Adam?



1st **aliya** (6:9-22). Noach is righteous, while the world is filled with evil. Noach is instructed

to build an Ark, for while G-d is to destroy

May the Torah learned from this TT be in loving memory of and לעיינ

ר' חיים בן זרח ז"ל Chaim Greenberg ז"ל

נלבייע ב-וי מרחשון התשכייו

יהודית בת הרב יהושע דב ז"ל Julia Fink-Greenberg ז"ל

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all living beings, He establishes a covenant with Noach to save him. Noach, his family, 2 of each animal and the food are to be brought into the Ark. The aliya ends with "Noach did all that G-d commanded".

The world will be destroyed with water. The Torah describes in the second verse in the Torah, that the first thing to exist in the world was water: "The spirit of G-d hovered over the waters". If you want to indicate that the world is getting a reboot, is starting again, cover it with water, as it was "In the Beginning".

There is a detailed description of the dimensions of the Ark, while there is hardly any description of man's evil that is causing the world to be destroyed. The Torah is more interested in the recreation than it is in the story of man's failure. The title of the Flood story is not the destruction of the world, but the recreation of the world.



2nd **aliya** (7:1-16). Noach is again described as righteous. Bring 7 of each pure animal, 2

of the impure, and all the birds into the Ark. Noach was 600 years old and brought his family into the Ark. The waters of the springs of the depths were released and the stores of water above were opened. All entered the Ark, as G-d had commanded Noach.

Both aliyot began with Noach's righteousness and end with him doing as G-d commanded. In a word, righteousness is defined.

The water floods the world from below and from above. We have seen water below and above before: in Creation, Ch. 1:6, G-d separated between the waters above and below and made the heavens between. There He separated the waters; here He is releasing all the water, reversing the Creation.



3rd aliya (7:17-8:14). The Flood covers the earth. All living things die, save Noach and all

that are in the Ark. G-d remembers Noach. The waters recede. The Ark rests on Mt. Ararat. Noach sends out the raven. Then Noach sends out the dove to see if the water has receded enough for land to be inhabitable. She returns for she has found no place to rest. After 7 days, she is sent out again and returns with an olive branch. The third time she is sent out, she does not return. Noach removes the covering and sees there is dry land.

There is a lot of detail of water and of time. The rising water, the receding water, how many days it rained, how many days it took to recede. This stands in contrast to the initial creation of the world. In creation, each thing created happened immediately, each day crisp and defined. And after 6 days, the creation ceased. In this recreation, the covering of the world with water took months; the receding of the water took time. Why?

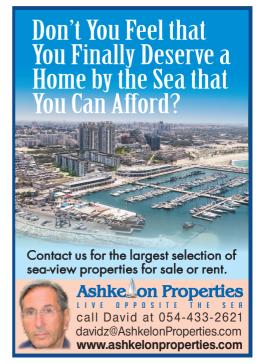
This is the most crucial part of this story. The world was not destroyed – I mean, not back to "tohu v'vohu – to void and empty".

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G-d did not look at the evil of the world – man and animals - and destroy the world. He could have chosen to destroy the world entirely and begin anew with another 6 days of creation. He did not do that. He "recreated" the existing world – saving Noach, saving the world, covering it slowly with the water that existed.

The story of the Torah is G-d's love of and commitment to man and to the world He created. He saves the world. He saves Noach. But even before this; Adam and Eve sinned and were punished. But not destroyed. Cain killed Abel, the most egregious sin, and is punished; but is not himself killed. G-d is committed to this world and is committed to mankind. He destroys the world naturally, maintaining it, covering it slowly with water and waiting for the water to recede. That very process communicates His commitment to His world and to mankind.



4th aliya (8:15-9:7). Noach is told to leave the Ark with his family and with the animals,

blessing the animals to teem over the land. Noach offered sacrifices on an altar. G-d committed to never again curse land and animals because of man, nor the constellations. G-d blesses Noach and family to be

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fruitful and multiply, to fill the earth. They may eat creatures but may not kill man.

The echoes of Creation continue. Noach and the animals receive the same blessings made to the animals and to man in Creation, to be fruitful and multiply. Noach is the new Adam. But with one dramatic difference. G-d pledges that never again will there be a destruction of land, animals or seasons. This was not promised at Creation.

The notion of G-d promising is shocking. *G-d* making promises to *man*? Really? *He* promises to *us*? Could it be that all the horrible evil that man is capable of perpetrating, and has perpetrated in the history of mankind – that in spite of all that evil, He guarantees the world will never deserve to be destroyed? It must be that mankind, in just the way it has been created, capable of evil but capable of good, that creation of mankind is so precious to G-d that He commits to us, regardless of our failings. As such, the story of the Torah is a love story; G-d's love and commitment to mankind, just the way it is.



5th aliya (9:8-17). G-d tells Noach and his family that He is making a covenant with all liv-

ing things that the world will never again be destroyed by Flood. The rainbow is a sign of this covenant between us. I will see the rainbow and remember this eternal covenant.

The word "brit", covenant occurs 7 times in this paragraph of 9 verses. We are so familiar with the rainbow after the flood story that its plain meaning slips by unnoticed. G-d is pledging himself to the world. And, as if to make sure He Himself doesn't

forget, He places a sign, a reminder of his pledge.

This rainbow is like the engagement ring in a love story. Noach has got to be looking around, wondering, "is He talking to me? What did I do to deserve this? The Master of the Universe, who just covered the world in water due to man's failings, He is committing to me? And binding Himself with a rainbow, lest He forget?"

The Creation story crowned man with majesty, created in the image of G-d. The Flood recreation story is a love story, the love of G-d for man, the commitment He has to man. And while a covenant has 2 parties, each of whom pledges to the other, in this covenant nothing is demanded of man. Only He pledges to us.



6th aliya (9:18-10:32). Noach plants a vineyard, becomes drunk and lies exposed in his

tent. Cham sees Noach; the other sons cover Noach without looking. Cham is cursed, Shem is blessed, Yefet granted beauty. Noach's numerous descendents are listed,

distinctive in geography and in language.

Noach seems to follow in Adam's agrarian footsteps – Adam was placed in the Garden of Eden, Noach plants a vine-yard. But the decline of the new man is not long in coming. The generations of Noach are described as different, distinct, separated into nations, into languages and distinct geographic regions. This gives rise to Nimrod, the warrior – distinctions and groupings give rise

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7th aliya (11:1-32). The Tower of Babel, an attempt to unite mankind results in a disper-

sion and proliferation of languages. The genealogy of Noach's descendants continues until Avraham's family is introduced, who journey toward the land of Israel.

The story of the Tower of Babel begins as a desire for unity, ends with people scattered the world over. The desire for unity would seem to be a good thing. However, unity often implies united under me, coercing all to be like me. World history is the history of empires, seeking to make the world a better place by being just like me. The theme of dispersion, of exile which began with Adam being exiled from the Garden of Eden, and Cain exiled to wander the world has its next chapter with the dispersion, the exile of the builders of the Tower of Babel.

The dispersion and exile of the first 2 parshiot of the Torah will be reversed with the call to Avraham to come to the Land of Israel.

HAFTORAH YESHAYAHU 54:1 - 55:5

This Shabbat the haftorah for *parshat Noach* is taken from chapter 54 in the Navi, *Yeshayahu*. It describes the nation of Israel after the destruction of the Beit Hamikdash. The Navi assures the people that Hashem will forever share his kindness and love with His people and He will continue to protect and sustain the people.

The special connection to *parshat Noach* is contained in pasuk 59:9 which refers to the destruction of Yerushalayim as "...this is like the waters of Noach to me..."

The Navi concludes with the reassurance that Hashem remembers His covenant with the world and His Chosen People. The degree to which we reveal Hashem's presence in our lives is the degree to which Hashem's protection and close concern is realized. It is our responsibility to reveal Hashem. We achieve this by observing His commandments and learning His Torah.

A SHORT VORT | BY RABBI CHANOCH YERES Rav, Beit Knesset Beit Yisrael, Yemin Moshe

בעצם היום הזה בא נח, ושם וחם ויפת בני נח ואשת נח אתם אל התבה (ז:יג)

"On THAT VERY DAY Noach came, with Shem, Cham, and Yafet, Noach's sons, with Noach's wife, into the Ark." (7:13)

This phrase "On That Very Day" is mentioned three different times in the Torah. Why? Once when the Israelites left Egypt, once on the day of Moshe's death and here. What is the importance of the Torah stressing in these places that it occurred on that very day?

The great work, the Sifrei, a work of Midrash Halacha from the Tannaic period, points out that in all three stories, the action taken was met with intense opposition.

Before the Israelites left Egypt, the Egyptians warned them that they would not be allowed to leave. As Moshe's death approached, the Israelites protested that they would not tolerate their leader being taken from them. Here too, when Noach was building the Ark, the people watching, forewarned that if Noach attempts to board the Ark, they will destroy it.

In each occurrence, G-d carried out the actions involved in broad daylight, in the middle of the day, for all to see G-d's will, and the threats came to naught.

Shabbat Shalom



STATS

2nd of 54 sedras, 2nd of 12 in B'reishit Written on 230 lines in a Torah, rank: 15 18 Parshiyot; 5 open, 13 closed; rank: 12 153 p'sukim - ranks 4th Largest in B'reishit - tied w/ Vavishlach

Vayishlach
1861 words - ranks 11 (6th in B'reishit)
6907 letters - ranks 13 (6th in B'reishit)
Drop in ranking for words and letters is due to No'ach's
very short p'sukim. No'ach ranks 49th in words/pasuk
and 51st in letters/ pasuk in the Torah.



MITZVOT

None of the TARYAG mitzvot are from No'ach, yet there are mitzvot in the sedra, specifically (but not only) references to the Noahide laws. So too is P'RU URVU repeated to No'ach - it is counted as a mitzva from B'reishit, when it was commanded to Adam.

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